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BTW63 SERIES

FAST TURN-OFF THYRISTORS

Glass-passivated, asymmetrical, fast turn-off, forward blocking thyristors (ASCR) in TO-48 envelopes, suitable for operation in fast power inverters. For reverse-blocking operation use with a series diode, for reverse-conducting operation use with an anti-parallel diode.

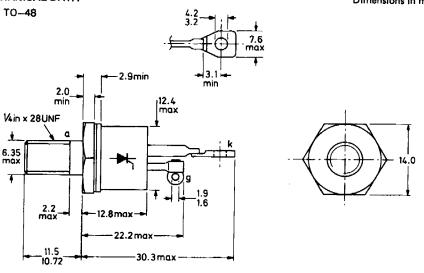
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

		BTW63-600R		800R	1000R	
Repetitive peak off-state voltage	VDRM	max.	600	800	1000	V
Average on-state current Repetitive peak on-state current	IT(AV)	max.		25 250	A A	
Circuit-commutated turn-off time	- 1 11101			200		
suffix K suffix N suffix P	tq tq ta	< < <		4 6 8		μs μs μs

MECHANICAL DATA

Fig.1 TO-48

Dimensions in mm



Net mass: 14 g

Diameter of clearance hole: max. 6.5 mm Accessories supplied on request

Supplied with device: 1 nut, 1 lock washer. Torque on nut: min. 1.7 Nm (17 kg cm) max. 3.5 Nm (35 kg cm)

Nut dimensions across the flats: 11.1 mm

NJ Semi-Conductors reserves the right to change test conditions, parameter limits and package dimensions without notice. Information furnished by NJ Semi-Conductors is believed to be both accurate and reliable at the time of going to press. However, NJ Semi-Conductors assumes no responsibility for any errors or omissions discovered in its use. NJ Semi-Conductors encourages customers to verify that datasheets are current before placing orders.

Quality Semi-Conductors

BTW63 SERIES

RATINGS
Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC134)

	Anode to cathode			BTW63-600R		1000R	
	Transient off-state voltage	VDSM	max.	800	1000	1000	V
	Repetitive peak off-state voltage	VDRM	max.	600	800	1000	٧
	Continuous off-state voltage	V _D	max.	500	650	700	٧
	Transient reverse voltage ($t_p \le 5 \mu s$)		VRS	M	max.	15	v
	Average on-state current (averaged over any 20	ms period)					
	up to T _{mb} = 75 °C		lT(A		max.	25	Α
	at T _{mb} = 85 °C		JT(A	V)	max.	22	Α
	R.M.S. on-state current	nt		T(RMS)		40	Α
	Repetitive peak on-state current; $t_D = 50 \mu s$; $\delta = 0.05$		ITRM		max.	250	Α
	Non-repetitive peak on-state current $T_j = 125$ °C prior to surge;						_
	t = 10 ms; half sine-wave		ITSM	1	max.	370	Α
	l^2 t for fusing; t = 10 ms		l²t		max.	700	A ² s
	Rate of rise of on-state current after triggering with I _G = 1.25 A; I _T = 80 A		dl _T /d	dt	max.	1000	A/μs
	Gate to cathode						
	Average power dissipation (averaged over						
	any 20 ms period)		PG(A	(V)	max.	1	W
	Peak power dissipation; $t = 10 \mu s$		P _{GM}		max.	10	w
	Temperatures						
	Storage temperature		T_{stg}		-40 to +125		oc
	Operating junction temperature		Τj		max.	125	oC
	THERMAL RESISTANCE						
	From junction to mounting base		Rthi	-mb	=	0.9	K/W
	From mounting base to heatsink		•				
	with heatsink compound		R _{th r}	nb-h	=	0.2	K/W

OPERATING NOTE

The terminals should be neither bent nor twisted; they should be soldered into the circuit so that there is no strain on them.

During soldering the heat conduction to the junction should be kept to a minimum.

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CHARACTERISTICS				
Anode to cathode				
On-state voltage $I_T = 50 \text{ A}; T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	٧ _T	<	2.6	V*
Off-state current				
$V_D = V_{Dmax}$; $T_j = 125$ °C	ſD	<	6.0	mΑ
Holding current; T _j = 25 °C	¹H	<	400	mA
Gate to cathode				
Voltage that will trigger all devices $V_D = 12 \text{ V}; T_i = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	v_{GT}	>	2.0	٧
Current that will trigger all devices				
$V_D = 12 \text{ V; } T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$	¹ GT	>	250	mA
Switching characteristics (see Fig.5) Circuit commutated turn-off time $dV_D/dt = 500 \ V/\mu s \ (linear to \ V_DRMmax);$ $R_{GK} = 10 \ \Omega; \ V_G = 0; \ T_j = 125 \ ^{\circ}C;$ when switched from $I_T = 100 \ A; \ t_p = 150 \ \mu s$				
$-dl_{T}/dt = 50 A/\mu s$	_	_	_	
suffix K suffix N	^t q t-	<	6 9	μs μs
suffix P	t _q tq	<	12	μs
$-dl_{\Upsilon}/dt = 10 A/\mu s$	-,			
suffix K	^t q	< <	4 6	μs
suffix N suffix P	t _a ta	<	8	μs μs
I _T dI _T /dt	reapplied	Vom		

Fig.2 Circuit-commutated turn-off time definition.

^{*}Measured under pulse conditions to avoid excessive dissipation.

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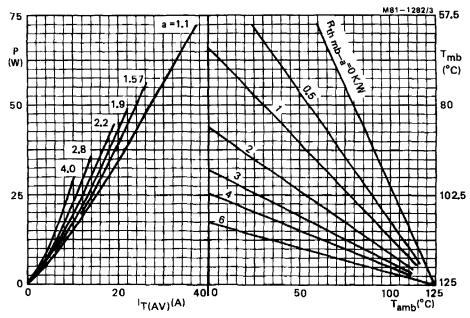


Fig.3 The right-hand part shows the interrelationship between the power (derived from the left-hand part) and the maximum permissible temperatures.

$$a = form factor = \frac{|T(RMS)|}{|T(AV)|}$$